



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-17/1056 of 22 January 2021

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This version replaces

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Rebar connection with fischer injection system FIS EM Plus

Injection system for post-installed rebar connections

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG Otto-Hahn-Straße 15 79211 Denzlingen DEUTSCHLAND

fischerwerke

26 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330087-01-0601 Edition 01/2021

ETA-17/1056 issued on 17 June 2020



European Technical Assessment ETA-17/1056 English translation prepared by DIBt

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European technical assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the injection mortar FIS EM Plus in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 40 mm or the fischer rebar anchor FRA of sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and the fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus are used for the post-installed rebar connection. The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between embedded reinforcing bar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connections of at least 50 and/or 100 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading	See Annex C 1 and C 2
Characteristic resistance under seismic action	See Annex B 5 and C 3

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 4 and C 5

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-01-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1



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5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 22 January 2020 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock Head of Section *beglaubigt:* Lange



Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 1

Figure A1.1:

Overlap joint with existing reinforcement for rebar connections of slabs and beams

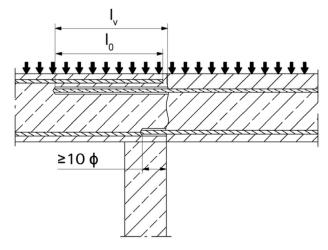


Figure A1.2:

Overlap joint with existing reinforcement at a foundation of a column or wall where the rebars are stressed

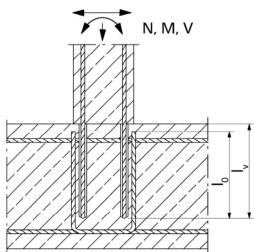
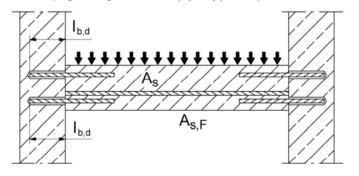


Figure A1.3:

End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)



Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Product description

Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 1

Annex A 1



Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 2

Figure A2.1:

Rebar connection for stressed primarily in compression

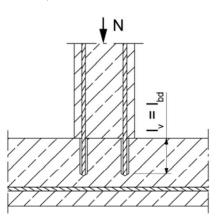
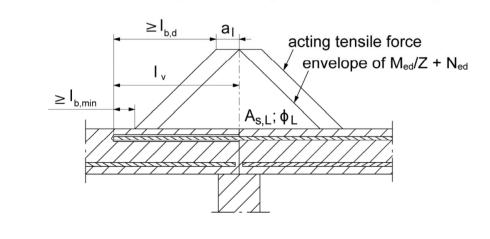


Figure A2.2:

Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the enveloped line of acting tensile force in the bending member



Note to figure A1.1 to A1.3 and figure A2.1 to A2.2

In the figures no traverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

Figures not to scale

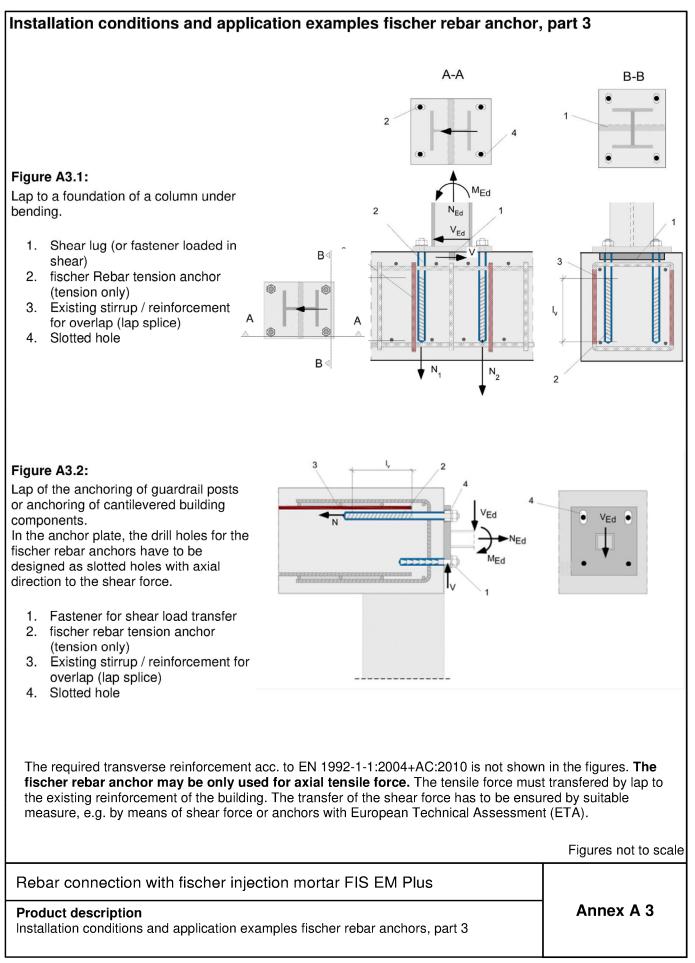
Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Product description

Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 2

Annex A 2





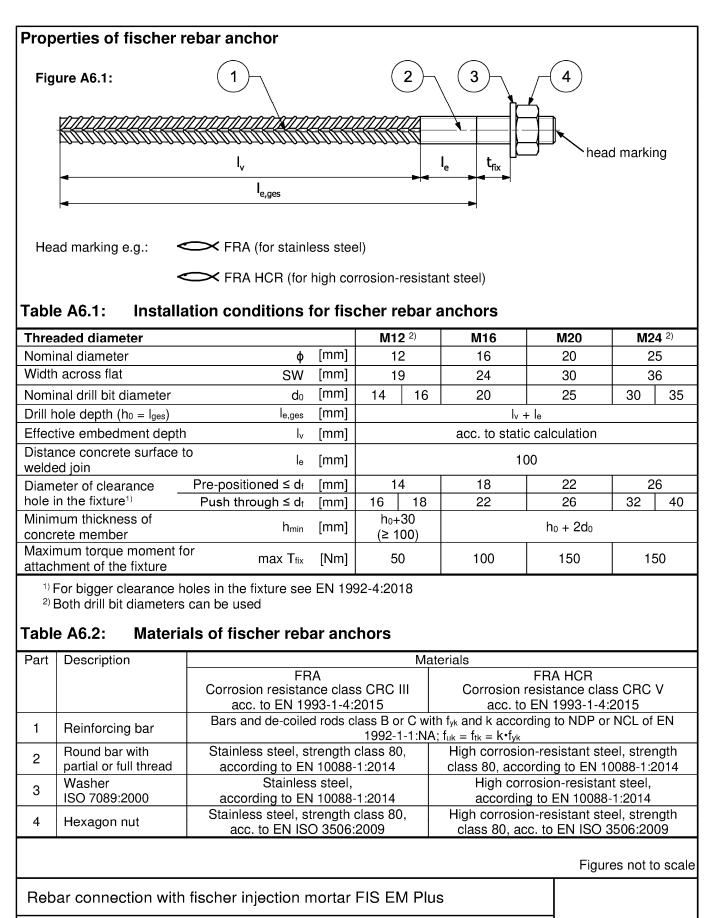


Overview system components	
Injection cartridge (shuttle cartridge) FIS EM Plus with sealing cap Sizes: 390 ml, 585 ml, 1100 ml, 1500 ml	
Imprint: fischer FIS EM Plus, processing notes, shelf-life, hazar curing times and processing times (depending on temperature), travel scale (optional), size, volume	piston
Static mixer FIS MR Plus for injection cartridge 390 ml	
Static mixer FIS UMR for injection cartridge 585 ml to 1500 ml	
Injection adapter and extension tube \emptyset 9 for static mixer FIS MR Plus; Injection adapter and extension tube \emptyset 9 or \emptyset 15 for static mixer FIS UMR	
Reinforcing bar (rebar) Sizes: \$\phi8, \$\phi10, \$\phi12, \$\phi14, \$\phi16, \$\phi20, \$\phi22, \$\phi24, \$\phi25, \$\phi26, \$\phi28, \$\phi30, \$\phi32, \$\phi34, \$\phi36, \$\phi40 marking 	setting depth
fischer rebar anchor FRA, FRA HCR Sizes: M12, M16, M20, M24	
Blow out pump ABP	
	Figures not to scale
Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus	
Product description Overview system components; Injection mortar, reinforcing bar, fischer rebar anchor, blow out pump	Annex A 4



Properties of reinforcing bars (rebar) Figure A5.1: The minimum value of related rip area f_{B,min} according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ٠ The maximum outer rebar diameter over the rips shall be: • The nominal diameter of the rip ϕ + 2 * h (h ≤ 0,07 * ϕ) (φ: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: rip height of the bar) 0 Table A5.1: Installation conditions for rebars Nominal diameter of the bar **8**¹⁾ 10¹⁾ 12¹⁾ 14 φ 16 20 22 24 Nominal drill hole diameter 10 12 12 14 14 16 18 20 25 30 30 do Drill hole depth $h_0 = I_v$ h_0 Effective embedment depth lv. [mm] acc. to static calculation Minimum thickness of concrete l_v + 30 h_{min} $l_v + 2d_0$ member (≥ 100) Nominal diameter of the bar φ 25¹⁾ 26 28 30 32 34 36 40 Nominal drill hole diameter d_0 30 35 35 35 40 40 40 45 55 Drill hole depth ho $h_0 = I_v$ [mm] Ιv Effective embedment depth acc. to static calculation Minimum thickness of concrete $l_v + 2d_0$ h_{min} member ¹⁾ Both drill hole diameters can be used Table A5.2: Materials of rebars Designation Reinforcing bar (rebar) Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C with Reinforcing bar fyk and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$ Figures not to scale Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus Annex A 5 **Product description** Properties and materials of reinforcing bars (rebar)





Product description

Properties and materials of fischer rebar anchors

Annex A 6



Specifications of intended						
	se and performan					
Anchorages subject to	Poinfor	FIS EI	M Plus with	r rebar anchor		
			400000000			
Hammer drilling with standard drill		all s	sizes			
Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (fischer "FHD", Heller "Duster Expert"; Bosch "Speed Clean"; Hilti "TE-CD, TE- YD")	•	Nominal drill bit diameter (d₀) 12 mm to 35 mm				
Diamond drilling		all s	sizes			
Static and quasi static load, in concrete concrete concrete	all sizes	Tables: C1.1 C1.2 C1.3 C2.1	all sizes	Tables: C1.1 C1.2 C1.3 C1.4 C2.1		
Seismic action (only hammer drilling with standard / hollow drill bits)	all sizes	Tables: C3.1 C3.2 C3.3	no performance assessed			
Installation temperature		T _{i,min} = -5 °C to	$T_{i,max} = +40 \ ^{\circ}C$			
Resistance to fire	all sizes	all sizes Annex C5 all sizes				
Rebar connection with fisc	ner injection morta	ar FIS EM Plus		Appey D 1		
Intended use Specifications (part 1)				Annex B 1		



Specifications of intended use (part 2)

Anchorages subject to:

- Static, quasi-static and seismic loads: reinforcing bar (rebar) size 8 mm to 40 mm
- Resistance to fire

Base materials:

- Compacted reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete without fibres according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40 % (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- · Non-carbonated concrete

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1 :2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions

Temperature Range:

- 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Installation temperature:

• -5 °C to +40 °C

Use conditions (Environmental conditions) for fischer rebar anchors:

 For all conditions according to EN1993-1-4:2015 corresponding to corrosion resistance classes to Annex A 6 table A6.2

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- · Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B 3 and B 4.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete
- · It must not be installed in water filled holes
- Hole drilling by hammer drill, hollow drill, compressed air drill or diamond drill mode
- Overhead installation allowed
- The installation of post-installed rebar respectively fischer rebar anchor shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under Supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for Supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Intended use

Specifications (part 2)

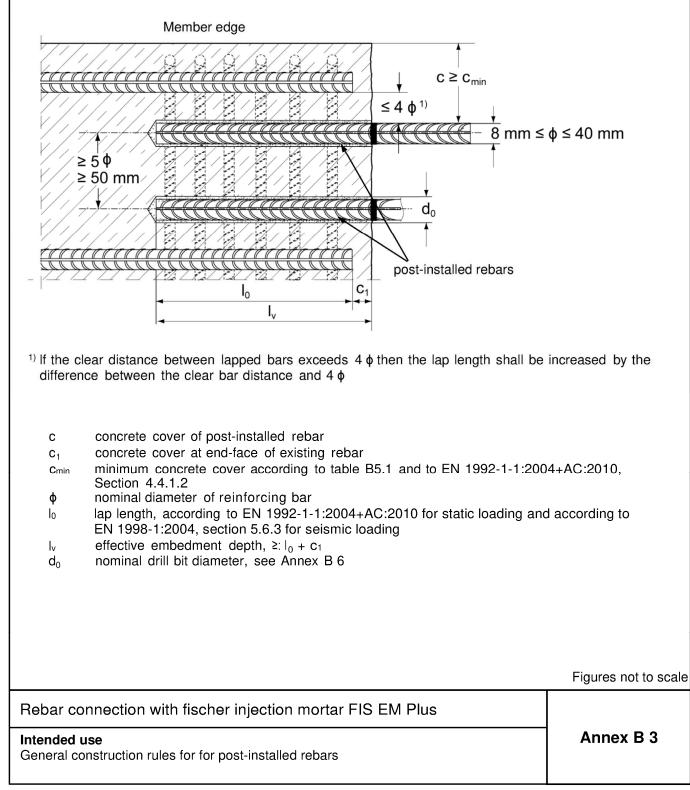
Annex B 2



General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Figure B3.1:

- · Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.

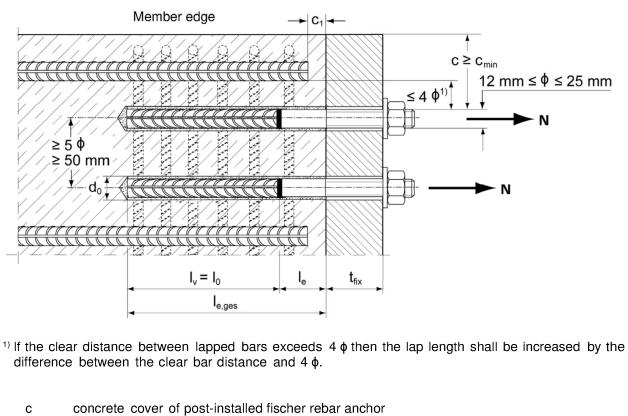




General construction rules for post-installed fischer rebar anchors

Figure B4.1:

- Only tension forces in the axis of the fischer rebar anchor may be transmitted.
- · The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transmission of the shear load shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g. by shear lugs or by anchors with a European Technical Assessment (ETA).
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchor shall be executed as slotted holes with the axis in the direction of the shear force.



- c₁ concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c_{min} minimum concrete cover according to table B5.1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- φ nominal diameter of reinforcing bar
- lo lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- $I_{e,ges}$ overall embedment depth, $\ge I_0 + I_e$
- d₀ nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6
- le length of the bonded in threaded part
- t_{fix} thickness of the fixture
- Iv effective embedment depth

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Intended use

General construction rules for post-installed fischer rebar anchors

Annex B 4



Table B5.1:	Minimum concrete cover $c_{min} = c_{min,seis}$ ¹⁾ depending of the drilling method and the drilling tolerance						
Drilling method	nominal diameter of reinforcing bar φ [mm]	Minimum concrete cover cmin = Cmin,seis Without drilling aid [mm]					
Hammer drilling with standard drill	< 25	30 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2 φ	30 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ				
bit	≥ 25	40 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2 φ	40 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ				
Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (fischer "FHD", Heller "Duster	< 25	30 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2 φ	30 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ	Drilling aid			
Expert"; Bosch "Speed Clean"; Hilti "TE-CD, TE-YD")	≥ 25	40 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2 φ	40 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ				
Compressed air	< 25	50 mm + 0,08 l _v	50 mm + 0,02 l _v				
drilling	≥ 25	60 mm + 0,08 l _v ≥ 2 φ	60 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ				
Diamond drilling	< 25	30 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2 φ	30 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ				
Diamond drilling	≥ 25	40 mm + 0,06 l _v ≥ 2 φ	40 mm + 0,02 l _v ≥ 2 φ				

¹⁾ See Annex B3, figure B3.1and Annex B4, figure B4.1

Note: The minimum concrete cover as specified in EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed.

Table B5.2:Dispensers and cartride sizes corresponding to maximum embedment depthIv,max

reinforcing bars (rebar)	fischer rebar	Manual dispenser	Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small)	Pneumatic dispenser (large)		
	anchor	Cartridge size 390 ml, 585 ml	Cartridge size 390 ml, 585 ml	Cartridge size 1500 ml		
φ [mm]	[-]	l _{v,max} / l _{e,ges,max} [mm]	l _{v,max} / l _{e,ges,max} [mm]	l _{v,max} / l _{e,ges,max} [mm]		
<u>8</u> 10			1000			
12	FRA M12 FRA HCR M12	1000	1200			
14				1800		
16	FRA M16 FRA HCR M16		1500			
20	FRA M20 FRA HCR M20	700	1300			
22 / 24 / 25	FRA M24 FRA HCR M24	700	1000			
26 / 28		500	700			
30 / 32 / 34		,		2000		
36		no performance	500			
40		assessed				

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Annex B 5

Minimum concrete cover;

Intended use

dispenser and cartridge sizes corresponding to maximum embedment depth



Table B6.1: Wo	orking times twork and curing times tcure	
Temperature in the anchorage base [°C]	Maximum working time ¹⁾ t _{work} FIS EM Plus	Minimum curing time ²⁾ t _{cure} FIS EM Plus
-5 to 0	240 min ³⁾	200 h
>0 to 5	150 min ³⁾	90 h
>5 to 10	120 min ³⁾	40 h
>10 to 20	30 min	18 h
>20 to 30	14 min	10 h
>30 to 40	7 min ⁴)	5 h

¹⁾ Maximum time from the beginning of the injection to rebar / fischer rebar anchor setting and positioning ²⁾ For wet concrete the curing time must be doubled

³⁾ If the temperature in the concrete falls below 10°C the cartridge has to be warmed up to +15°C.

⁴⁾ If the temperature in the concrete exceeds 30 °C the cartridge has to be cooled down to +15°C up to 20°C

	montai						
reinforcing			Drilling an	d cleaning		Inje	ection
bars (rebar)	fischer rebar anchor	Nominal drill bit diameter	Diameter of cutting edge	Steel brush diameter	Diameter of cleaning nozzle	Diameter of extension tube	Injection adapter
φ [mm]	[-]	d₀ [mm]	d _{cut} [mm]	d₀ [mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[colour]
8 ¹⁾		10	≤ 10,50	11,0			
0''		12	≤ 12,50	12,5			nature
10 ¹⁾		12	≤ 12,50	12,5	11	9	nature
10 /		14	≤ 14,50	15			blue
12 ¹⁾	FRA M12 ¹⁾	14	≤ 14,50	15			blue
	FRA HCR M12 ¹⁾	16	≤ 16,50	17	15		red
14		18	≤ 18,50	19			yellow
16	FRA M16 FRA HCR M16	20	≤ 20,55	21,5	19		green
20	FRA M20 FRA HCR M20	25	≤ 25,55	26,5	15		black
22 / 24		30	≤ 30,55	32		0 0 1 5	grey
25	FRA M24 ¹⁾	30	≤ 30,55	32	28	9 or 15	grey
20	FRA HCR M24 ¹⁾	35	≤ 35,70	37	20		brown
26 / 28		35	≤ 35,70	37			brown
30 / 32 / 34		40	≤ 40,70	42			red
36		45	≤ 45,70	47	38		yellow
40		55	≤ 55,70	58			nature

Table B6.2:Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the
mortar

¹⁾ Both drill bit diameters can be used

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Intended use

Working times and curing times;

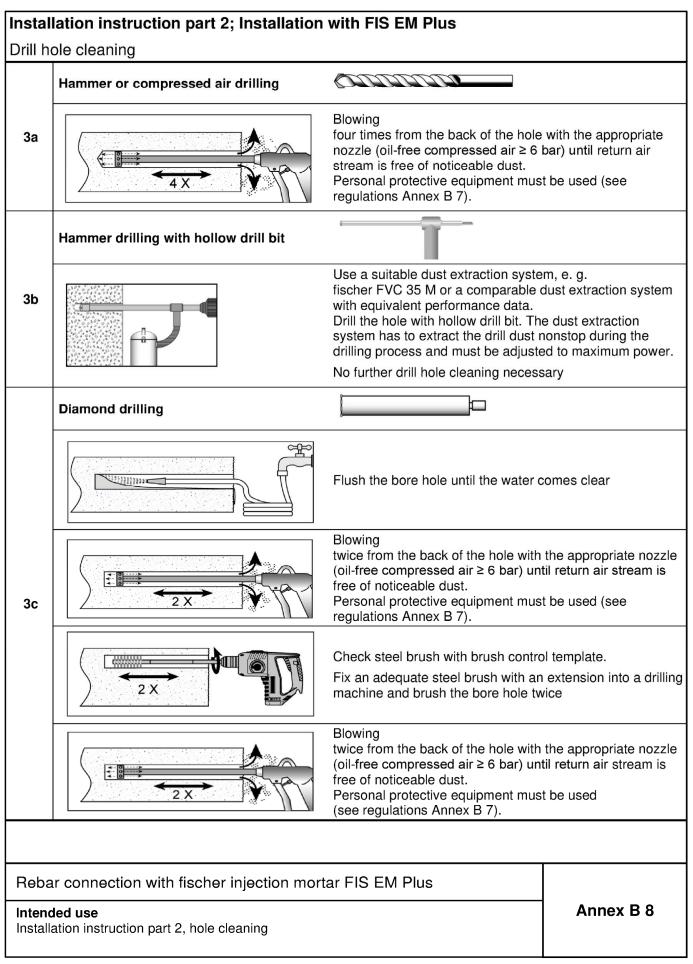
Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the mortar

Annex B 6



Safety regulations Review the Material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use for proper and safe handling! Wear well-fitting protective goggles and protective gloves when working with mortar FIS EM Plus Important: Observe the instructions for use provided with each cartridge. Installation instruction part 1; Installation with FIS EM Plus Hole drilling Note: Before drilling, remove carbonized concrete; clean contact areas (see Annex B 2) In case of aborted drill holes the drill hole shall be filled with mortar. Hammer drilling or compressed air drilling Drill the hole to the required embedment depth using a 1a hammer drill with carbide drill bit set in rotation hammer mode or a pneumatic drill. Drill bit sizes see table B6.2 Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit Drill the hole to the required embedment depth using a hammer drill with hollow drill bit in rotation hammer mode. Dust extraction conditions see drill hole cleaning 1b annex B 8. Drill bit sizes see table B6.2 **Diamond drilling** Drill the hole to the required embedment depth using a diamond drill in rotation mode. Drill bit sizes see table B6.2 1c Break away the drill core and remove it $\mathbf{C}_{\text{drill}}$ Measure and control concrete cover c $(C_{drill} = C + \emptyset / 2)$ Drill parallel to surface edge and to existing rebar. tØ Where applicable use fischer drilling aid. I_{v} , $\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{e},\mathsf{ges}}$ 2 For holes $I_v > 20$ cm use drilling aid. Three different options can be considered: A) fischer drilling aid B) Slat or spirit level C) Visual check Minimum concrete cover cmin see table B5.1 Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus Annex B 7 Intended use Safety regulations; Installation instruction part 1, hole drilling

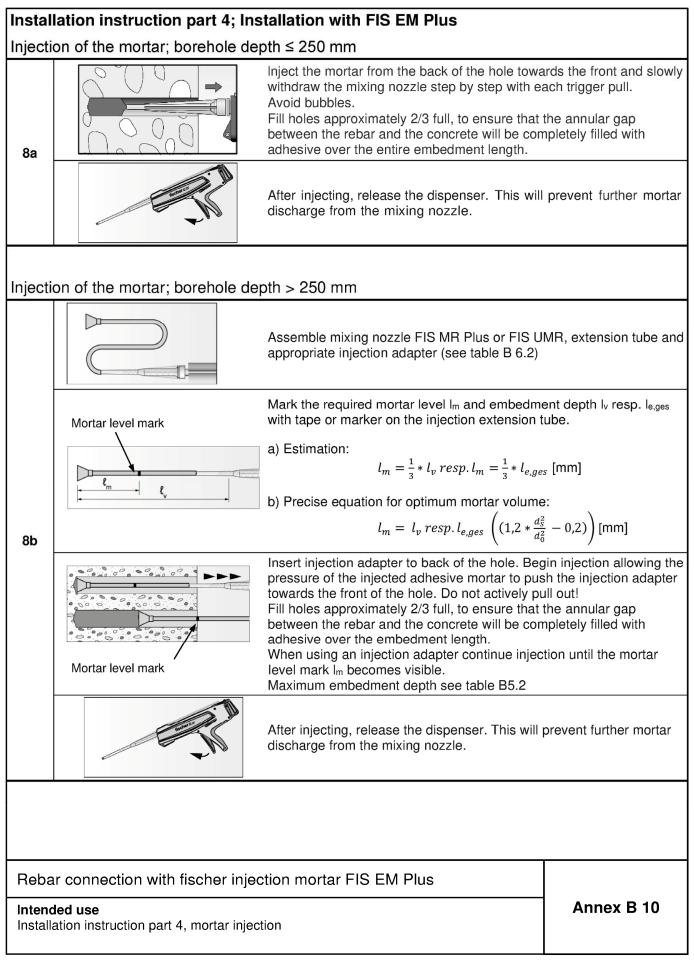






einfor	cing bars (rebar) / fischer rebar anc	hor and cartridge preparation	
4		Before use, make asure that the rebar anchor is dry and free of oil or other re Mark the embedment depth I_v on the re Insert rebar in borehole, to verify drill h depth I_v resp. $I_{e,ges}$	sidue. ebar (e.g. with tape)
5		Twist off the sealing cap Twist on the static mixer (the spiral in t clearly visible).	he static mixer must b
6	fischer EZ	Place the cartridge into a suitable disp	enser.
7	X	Press out approximately 10 cm of mor permanently grey in colour. Mortar whi will not cure and must be disposed.	
	r connection with fischer injection m	ortor EIS EM Plus	







Insta	llation instruction par	t 5; Installation with FIS EM Plus				
Insert	rebar / fischer rebar ar	nchor				
9		Insert the rebar / fischer rebar anchor slowly twisted int embedment mark is reached.	o the borehole until the			
10		For overhead installation, support the rebar / fischer rebar anchor and secure from falling till mortar started to harden, e.g. using wedges.				
11		 After installing the rebar or fischer rebar anchor the annular gap must be completely filled with mortar. Proper installation Desired embedment depth is reached ly: embedment mark at concrete surface. Excess mortar flows out of the borehole after the rebar has been fully inserted up to the embedment mark. 				
12		Observe the working time "t _{work} " (see table B6.1), which varies according to temperature of base material. Minor adjustments to the rebar / fischer rebar anchor position may be performed during the working time Full load may be applied only after the curing time "t _{cure} " has elapsed (see table B 6.1)				
13	T _{fix}	Mounting the fixture, max T_{fix} see table A6.1				
Inten	ar connection with fisch ded use lation instruction part 5, inse	Annex B 11				



Minimum ancho	orage len	igth and	minimu	m lap ler	ngth				
The minimum and 2004+AC:2010 s									.1.
	•			b,100y rela			rength cl	ass and o	drilling
				of 50 or 1	,				
Hammer drilling, he	ollow drilli	ng and co	mpressed	d air drillin	g				
Rebar / fischer rebar anchor				Amplificati		,	Dy		
		[1		ete strengt	1		1	
φ [mm]	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 25					1,0				
26 to 40					1,0				
Diamond drilling								1	
8 to 12		1,0		1,04	1,08	1,13	1,17	1,21	1,25
14 to 25		1,0		1,04	1,08	1,13	1,17	1,21	1,25
26 to 40		1,0		1,08	1,17	1,25	1,33	1,42	1,50
	Bond efficiency factor $k_b = k_{b,100y}$ for hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling with a service life of 50 or 100 years								
Hammer drilling, he	ollow drilli	ng and co	-		-				
Rebar / fischer			B	Sond efficie	-)0y		
rebar anchor					ete strengt			1	
φ [mm]	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 25				1,	,0				0,98
26 to 40				1	,0				0,98
	Bond effic or 100 ye	•	ctor k _b =	k _{b,100y} for	diamono	d drilling v	with a se	rvice life	of 50
Diamond drilling	1								
Rebar / fischer rebar anchor			E	Sond efficie		,)0y		
φ [mm]	010/15	010/00	000/05		ete strengt		0.40/50	045/55	050/00
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 12					,0				0,95
14 to 25				1,	,0	0.00	0.07	0.04	0,95
26 to 40			1,0			0,96	0,87	0,81	0,76
	Character anchors	ristic valu	ies for st	eel failu	r e under	tension l	oad of fi s	scher rel	bar
fischer rebar ancho	or FRA / Fl	RA HCR		M12	N	116	M20		M24
Bearing capacity u	nder tensi	on load, s	teel failur	е		1			
Characteristic resista	ance	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	63	1	11	173		270
Partial factor									
Partial factor		γMs,N	[-]			1,4	ŀ		
Rebar connection	on with fis	scher inje	ection mo	ortar FIS I	EM Plus			Annex	C 1
Amplification factor	$\alpha_{\rm lb} = \alpha_{\rm lb,10}$	_{0y} bond eff	iciency fac	tor $k_b = k_{b,1}$	I 00y				



Table C2.1:	drillin	g, hollow	of the boi drilling, co 50 or 100	ompresse						
	f _{bd,PIR} = f _{bd,PIR,10}	• k _b • f _{bd} _{00y} = k _{b,100y} •	• f _{bd}							
diar	ign value of neter for go ommended	od bond co	ndition (for	all other bo	nd conditio	ns multiply	the values			
k₀ Bor	d efficiency	factor acco	ording to tak	ole C1.2 an	d C1.3					
	d efficiency		-							
Hammer drilli	ng, hollow	drilling an	d compres	sed air dri	lling					
Rebar /		bond strength f _{bd,PIR} = f _{bd,PIR,100y} [N/mm ²]								
fischer rebar anchor		1		Concr	ete strength	n class		1	1	
φ [mm]	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8-32	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,2	
34	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,9	4,1	
36	1,5	1,9	2,2	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,8	4,0	
40	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5	2,8	3,1	3,4	3,7	3,9	
Diamond drill	ing									
Rebar /			bon			_{,PIR,100y} [N/n	nm²]			
fischer rebar anchor				Concr	ete strength	n class				
φ [mm]	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8-12						3,4	3,7	4,0	4,1	
14-25	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,1	
26-32						3,2	3,2	3,2	3,2	
	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,9	3,1	3,1	3,1	3,1	
34		1,9	2,2	2,6	2,9	3,1	3,1	3,1	3,1	
34 36	1,5	פ, ד		2,5	2,8	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Performance

Design values of the bond strength $f_{bd,PIR} = f_{bd,PIR,100y}$

Annex C 2



Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length under seismic conditions

The minimum anchorage length $l_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $l_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010 shall be multiply by the relevant amplification factor $\alpha_{lb,seis}$ according to table C3.1.

Table C3.1:Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb,seis} = \alpha_{lb,seis100y}$ related to concrete strength class and
drilling method

Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling

lh coic 100v								
Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb,seis} = \alpha_{lb,seis,100y}$								
Concrete strength class								
C40/50	C45/55	C50/60						

Table C3.2:Bond efficiency factor $k_{b,seis} = k_{b,seis,100y}$ for hammer drilling, hollow drilling
and compressed air drilling with a service life of 50 or 100 years

Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling

Rebar	Bond efficiency factor k _{b,seis} = k _{b,seis,100y}								
	Concrete strength class								
4 []	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
8 to 25	1,00					0,98			
26 to 40	1,00				0,98				

Table C3.3:Design values of the bond strength $f_{bd,PIR,seis} = f_{bd,PIR,seis,100y}$ in N/mm² for
hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling **under seismic**
action and for good bond conditions with a service life of 50 or 100 years

 $f_{bd,PIR,seis} = k_{b,seis} \bullet f_{bd}$ $f_{bd,PIR,seis,100y} = k_{b,seis,100y} \bullet f_{bd}$

Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling										
Rebar	bond strength f _{bd,PIR,seis} = f _{bd,PIR,seis,100y} [N/mm ²]									
φ [mm]			Concrete strength class							
φ[mm]	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60		
8-32	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,2		
34	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,9		
36	1,5	1,9	2,2	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,8		
40	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5	2,8	3,1	3,4	3,7		

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Performance

Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb,seis} = \alpha_{lb,seis,100y}$, bond efficiency factor $k_{b,seis} = k_{b,seis,100y}$, Design values of the bond strength $f_{bd,PIR,seis} = f_{bd,PIR,seis,100y}$

Annex C 3



	Essential characteristics to steel failure for fischer rebar anchors under fire exposure						
			classes C12	/C15 to C50/60	, according to EN	1992-4:2018	
ischer rebar ancl	hor FRA /	FRA HO	R	M12	M16	M20	M24
	R30			1,7	2,5	4,7	7,4
Characteristic resistance to steel - failure	R60 R90]		1,5	2,1	3,9	6,1
		N _{Rk,s,fi}	[kN]	1,2	1,7	3,1	4,9
	R120			0,9	1,3	2,5	3,9
Rebar connect	tion with	fischer	r injection m	nortar FIS EM	1 Plus		

anchor



Bond strength f _{bk,fi} = f _{bk,fi,100y} at increased temperature for concrete strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 (all drilling methods)							
The bond strength $f_{bk,fi} = f_{bk,fi,100y}$ at increased temperature has to be calculated by the following equation:							
$f_{bk,fi} = f_{bk,fi,100y} = k_{fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd,PIR} \cdot \frac{\gamma_c}{\gamma_{M,fi}}$							
lf: θ > 46 °C		$k_{fi}(\theta) = \frac{862,3 \cdot \theta^{-1,166}}{f_{bd,PIR} \cdot 4,3} \leq 1,0$					
If: $\theta > \theta_{max}$ (23)	84 °C)	$k_{fi}(\theta) = 0$					
f _{bk,fi} =	=	Bond strength at increased temperature in N/mm ² for service life 50 years					
f _{bk,fi,100y}	=	Bond strength at increased temperature in N/mm ² for service life 100 years					
(θ)	=	Temperature in °C in the mortar layer					
k _{fi} (θ)	=	Reduction factor at increased temperature					
$= k_{fi,100y} (\theta)$							
fbd,PIR=	=	Design value of the bond strength in N/mm ² in cold condition according to table C2.1 considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method and the bond conditions according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010					
γc	=	Partial factor according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010					
γM,fi	=	Partial factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008					

For evidence at increased temperature the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent ultimate bond strength $f_{bk,fi}$.

